



JOINT DPQC / MCDRC PUBLIC MEETING SEPTEMBER 15, 2025 | 4PM | DOVER HILTON GARDEN INN

MINUTES

Attendees—

| Dr. Garrett Colmorgen | Leah Jones | Patricia Dailey Lewis |
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| Mona Liza Hamlin – DHMIC Rep | Dr. Dede Hesse | Kim Liprie |
| Dr. Mark-Anthony Umobi | Brit Seidt | Aleks Caspar |
| Bridget Buckaloo | Shebra Hall | Kim York |
| Dr. Erica Heilman | Kathy Kolb | Katy Kaplan |
| Dr. Nancy Petit | Hanunah Oqlesbg | Trenee Parker |
| Tracy Harpe | Megan Coalson | Andra Warfee |
| Deborah Knight | Stephanie Wagner | Essence Sutherland |
| Kelly Ensslin | George Yocher | Vik Vishnubhakta |
| Meena Ramakrishnan | Cassandra Codes Benjamin | Dara Hall |
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Agenda & Discussion

1. Welcome

- Dr. Garrett Colmorgen opened the meeting, noting the joint nature of the session.
- Attendees were invited to ask questions and provide comments on presentations and next steps.

2. MCDRC Annual Report - Meena Ramakrishnan

- A moment of silence was held to honor women and children lost.
- Overview of MCDRC mandate and committee structure (Child Death Review, Sudden Death in the Young, Fetal & Infant Mortality Review (FIMR), and Maternal Mortality Review (MMR)).

FIMR findings (2024):

- 48 cases reviewed.
- One in four women experiencing a loss did not attend postpartum visits; rates have been stagnant.
- ~33% had late or no prenatal care (2nd or 3rd trimester start).
- Higher late/no care among Kent and Sussex residents, Medicaid beneficiaries, and Black/Hispanic mothers.
- Recommendations included: streamlined care coordination referral processes, improved provider/family education, expansion of midwifery training in Delaware, and stronger support for interconception care.

Maternal Mortality Review:

- 9 cases reviewed; 5 due to overdose.
- Overdose has been leading cause for five years (61% of cases).
- o 90% deemed potentially preventable; majority occurred in late postpartum period.
- o Recommendations:
 - Nurse navigators for high-risk transitions postpartum.
 - Better use of ED as a touchpoint for SUD resources.

Expanded harm reduction and Narcan access; promotion of helpisherede.com.

3. DPQC Grant Updates - Bridget Buckaloo & Garrett Colmorgen

AIM Capacity Grant (Alliance for Innovation on Maternal Health):

- Focus: Transition to postpartum care (4th trimester model).
- Objective: Ensure two- to three-week "safety check" visit in addition to six- to twelve-week comprehensive postpartum visit.
- Activities: Toolkit development, provider/hospital education sessions, tracking of visit scheduling, and leveraging extended Medicaid coverage.

SMHI Innovation Grant:

- Focus: Substance use disorder and overdose deaths.
- o Innovation: Training peer support specialists as doulas to support women prenatally through the first postpartum year.
- Includes creation of a Maternal Health Task Force, a strategic plan (now on 3rd draft), listening sessions with women with lived experience, and partnerships with DFS and other stakeholders.
- Sustainability and data evaluation are key goals.

4. MHTF Strategic Plan

- As part of SMHI grant obligations, DPQC/MCDRC developing a maternal health strategic plan.
- Intent: Improve linkage of care coordination between providers, MCOs, and community services.
- Strategic plan and continuous quality improvement plan are in development.

5. DPQC Initiatives - Vik Vishnubhakta & Bridget Buckaloo

a. Time to Treat (Severe Hypertension):

- Data show improvements in both identification and timely treatment since initiative began (Aug 2023).
- Education addressed confusion between isolated severe hypertension vs. persistent severe hypertension.
- Hospitals now consistently retake and act within 15 minutes.

b. Severe Maternal Morbidity (SMM):

- Rates increasing since 2022, though sample size small.
- Acute renal failure unexpectedly largest component, possibly related to coding practices.
- Hospitals encouraged to conduct internal reviews of SMM events; may expand tracked measures.

c. OB Hemorrhage:

- Stagnant at ~7–8% across birthing hospitals.
- Inventory showed compliance with national bundles, but gaps in trauma-informed care and disparity reduction.
- Link between rising induction rates and hemorrhage noted.
- Attention drawn to prenatal anemia management and transfusion thresholds.

d. Low-Dose Aspirin:

- Adoption improved since 2021, though plateaued below target.
- Barriers: late/no prenatal care, conflicting provider/pharmacy messages, lack of patient understanding.
- Discussion on use of claims data (e.g., DMMA) to track fills/refills.
- Opportunities identified for provider and patient-facing education.

e. Eat. Sleep. Console.

- Two hospitals have begun implementation; data not yet available.
- Focus on improved care models for infants with neonatal abstinence syndrome.

6. Public Comments

- Attendees raised questions about data collection limits, referral follow-up, and broader adoption of doula training standards.
- Suggestions included leveraging pharmacy claims data, free supplemental trainings for doulas, and stronger postpartum supports.

7. Adjournment

• Dr. Colmorgen thanked all participants and emphasized ongoing collaboration.